

City of Glendale Introduction to Districting

Douglas Johnson, National Demographics Corporation Sydni Overly, Tripepi Smith

Introductions

Today's Goals

You Learn from the Experts

Experts Listen to You

Mapping Tools Overview

You Leave Empowered to Give Effective Feedback

Why You Should Care

Democracy works better when people are engaged

□ You are the experts on your community and

neighborhood

□ The districts determined in this process could be

around until 2031

Presentation Overview

- I. Current Election System and Proposed Transition
- II. 5-Minute Initial Q&A
- III. Background: The Districting Process
- IV. Legal Requirements for Districts
- v. Demographic Profile of Glendale
- VI. Community of Interest Discussion
- VII. Public Mapping Tools

VIII.Q&A

IX. How to Stay Engaged

Today's Goal: You leave empowered to participate effectively in the districting process

Current Election System

□ "At Large" also known as "Citywide," Council elections

- Two seats up in 2024, three in 2026
- Any city voter can run for Council in any year
- All city voters cast ballots for two (in 2024) or three (in 2026) candidates
- The top two (in 2024) or top three (in 2026) candidates are elected
- One Councilmember is chosen as Mayor each year by vote of the Council

Transition to Districts – Why?

The Council Majority Has Mentioned the Following Reasons:

- Increased Geographic and Socioeconomic Diversity on City Council
 - South Glendale
 - Renters
- Constituent Services
 - Councilmembers will live in or near their constituents' neighborhoods and be directly impacted by same quality of life issues
- □ Cost of Entry to Run in Citywide Race
 - Expensive to outreach and campaign successfully for citywide office

Transition to Districts – Why Not?

Others Have Expressed the Following Views:

Possible Balkanization

- Less Attention Paid to Citywide Issues
- Intra-district Fights Over City Resources
- Councilmembers May View Districts as Their "Fiefdoms" Despite All Decisions Still Requiring Council Majority

Directly Elected Mayor

- Unnecessary
- Citywide-elected Mayor can be perceived as more powerful or otherwise more important than other elected Councilmembers

California Voting Rights Act (CVRA)

- The CVRA makes it significantly easier for plaintiffs to force jurisdictions into "by-district" election systems by:
 - Eliminating requirement to show that a protected minority group can constitute a majority of a district
 - Focusing liability on the existence of racially polarized voting

CVRA Impact

□ Switched (or in the process of switching) as a result of CVRA:

- At least 275 school districts
- 36 Community College Districts
- **191** cities
- 1 County Board of Supervisors
- **5**3 water and other special districts.

CVRA Battles

- □ Cases So Far:
 - Palmdale, Santa Clara and Santa Monica went to trial on the merits. Cyprus's trial has not begun.
 - Palmdale and Santa Clara lost. Santa Monica is awaiting a State Supreme Court ruling (hearing was held June 27).
 - Modesto, Santa Clara and Palmdale each spent about \$1.8 million on their defense (in addition to the attorney fee awards in those cases).
 - □ Santa Monica has spent an estimated \$7 to \$10 million so far.
 - Plaintiffs in Santa Monica requested \$22 million in legal fees after just the original trial.

CVRA Battles

• Key settlements:

- □ Palmdale: \$4.7 million
- □ Santa Clara: \$4.55 million
- □ Modesto: \$3 million
- □ Highland: \$1.3 million
- □ Anaheim: \$1.1 million
- □ Whittier: \$1 million
- 🗅 Santa Barbara: \$600,000
- □ Santa Clarita (round 1): \$600,000
- **Desert:** \$555,000

- **D** Palm Desert: \$555,000
- □ Tulare Hospital: \$500,000
- **Ontario:** \$300,000
- □ Santa Clarita (round 2): \$250,000
- **Camarillo: \$233,000**
- □ Compton Unified: \$200,000
- □ Madera Unified: about \$170,000
- Hanford Joint Union Schools: \$118,000
- □ Merced City: \$42,000

An estimated \$18 million in total settlements and court awards so far.

CVRA "Safe Harbor"

- □ Government Code Section 34886:
 - Cities can comply with CVRA by becoming "by district or by district with an elective mayor."
- □ Elections Code Section 14026(a):
 - "At-large method of election" means . . .
 - "One in which the voters of the entire jurisdiction elect the members to the governing body . . .
 - "One which combines at-large elections with district-based elections."

The California Voting Rights Act was written to specifically encourage bydistrict elections.

Proposed New Election System

- □ Six Districts with Citywide-elected Mayor
 - City would divided into six districts, each holding an election every four years (Candidates need to live in the district, and only district residents vote for who will represent them)
 - Separate citywide election for Mayor every four years
 - No required change in Mayor's role beyond what is currently in City Charter, but that is open to discussion
 - Enters CVRA "safe harbor"
 - Each voter has two representatives: a district Councilmember and a citywide Mayor
 - Keeps a Citywide representative while implementing districts
 - All Subject to Voter Approval

5-Minute Initial Q&A

The Districting Process

| Step | Description | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| 1st Council Hearing June 13 | Held prior to release of draft maps. Education and to solicit input on the composition of districts. | | |
| 1 st Round of Community Forums | First round: 1 virtual workshop, 6 in-person workshops + pop-up events. Beginning June 13 through July 27 | | |
| 2nd Council Hearing July 11 | Very similar presentation to the first hearing, but with a summary of feedback from the forums. Council opportunity to give direction to NDC. | | |
| Initial Deadline for the public to submit maps August 5 | Maps must be submitted far enough in advance to allow NDC to download, input and process the maps for posting online before the August 8 posting deadline. | | |
| Deadline to post initial draft maps on project website August 8 | Maps must be posted at least 7 days prior to 3 rd hearing. | | |
| 3rd Council Hearing August 15 | First formal public and Council consideration of initial draft maps. Opportunity for Council to select "focus" maps options and to request new or revised maps. | | |

The Districting Process

| Step | Description | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| 2 nd Round of Community Forums | Second round: 1 virtual workshop, 6 in-person workshops + pop- up events. Beginning August 17 through September 7 | | |
| Deadline to submit maps September 28 | Maps must be submitted far enough in advance to allow NDC to download, input and process the maps for posting online. | | |
| Deadline to post new maps October 3 | Maps must be posted at least 7 days prior to 4 th hearing. | | |
| 4th Council Hearing October 10 | Public & Council to consider "focus" maps and any new or revised maps. Preferred map and election sequence selected and 1 st reading of adoption ordinance. | | |
| 5 th Council Hearing and Map Adoption October 24 | Council selects map via ordinance, contingent on voter approval. Final map must be posted at least 7 days prior to adoption. | | |
| Citywide Vote March 5, 2024 | Vote on transition to by-district elections on primary and (at-large) City Council election ballot | | |

Districting Rules and Goals

1. Federal Laws

- **1.** Equal Population
- 2. Federal Voting Rights Act
- 3. No Racial Gerrymandering



2. California Criteria for Cities

- 1. Geographically contiguous
- 2. Undivided neighborhoods and "communities of interest"

(Socio-economic geographic areas that should be kept together)

- 3. Easily identifiable boundaries
- 4. Compact

(Do not bypass one group of people to get to a more distant group of people)

Prohibited:

"Shall not favor or discriminate against a political party."

3. Other Traditional Redistricting Principles

- 1. Respect voters' choices / continuity in office
- 2. Future population growth

Demographic Summary

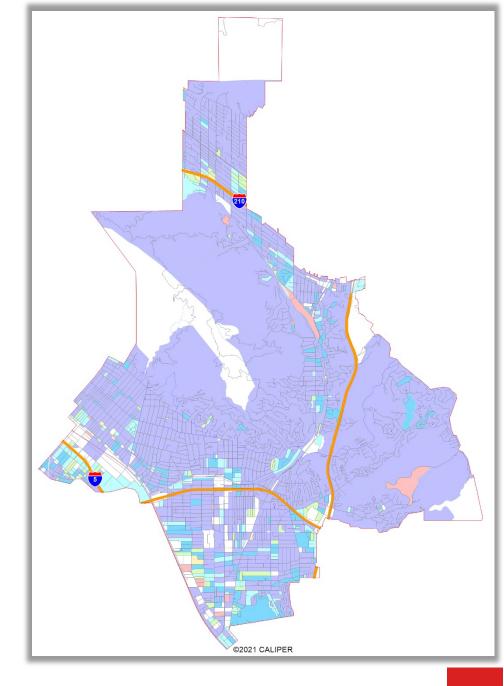
Each of the 6 districts must contain about 32,830 people.

| Category | | Field | Total | | Category | Field | Total | | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---------|---------------------|---|--|--------|--|--|
| 2020 Census | | Total Population | 196,980 | | | age0-19 | 20% | | |
| Total Pop. | Hispanic/Latino | 17% | | Age | age20-60 | 55% | | | |
| | NH White | 62% | | | age60plus | 25% | | | |
| | NH Black | 2% | | Immigration | immigrants | 52% | | | |
| | | NH Asian/Pac.Isl. | 18% | | Immigration | naturalized | 66% | | |
| | | NH Native Amer. | 0% | | | english | 33% | | |
| | | Total | 129,718 | | Language spoken at | age0-19 age20-60 age60plus immigrants naturalized english spanish asian-lang other lang Speaks Eng. "Less than Very Well" hs-grad bachelor graduatedegree child-under18 employed income 0-25k income 25-50k income 200k-plus single family multi-family rented owned | 14% | | |
| | Hisp | 17% | | home | asian-lang | 10% | | | |
| | | NH White | 65% | | | other lang | 43% | | |
| Citizen Voting Age Pop | NH Black | 3% | | Language Fluency | 1 0 | 32% | | | |
| | | Asian/Pac.Isl. | 15% | | | hs-grad | 46% | | |
| | | Native Amer. | 0% | | Education (among | bachelor | 28% | | |
| | | Total | 118,402 | | those age 25+) | graduatedegree | 15% | | |
| Voter Registration (Nov 2020) | | Latino est. | 17% | | Child in Household | child-under18 | 27% | | |
| | Spanish-Surnamed | 15% | | Pct of Pop. Age 16+ | employed | 62% | | | |
| | Asian-Surnamed | 6% | | | income 0-25k | 21% | | | |
| | Filipino-Surnamed | 3% | | | income 25-50k | 15% | | | |
| | | NH White est. | 73% | | Household Income | income 50-75k | 14% | | |
| | | NH Black | 2% | | | employed income 0-25k income 25-50k income 50-75k income 75-200k income 200k-plus single family | 37% | | |
| | | Total | 85,200 | | | age0-19 age20-60 age60plus immigrants naturalized english spanish asian-lang other lang Speaks Eng. "Less than Very Well" hs-grad bachelor graduatedegree child-under18 employed income 0-25k income 25-50k income 25-50k income 25-50k income 75-200k income 200k-plus single family multi-family rented owned | 13% | | |
| | | Latino est. | 17% | | | single family | 36% | | |
| Voter Turnout (1 | Nov | Spanish-Surnamed | 16% | | Housing Stats | multi-family | 64% | | |
| 2020) | NOV | Asian-Surnamed | 6% | | Trousing Stats | rented | 66% | | |
| 2020) | | Filipino-Surnamed | 3% | | | owned | 34% | | |
| | | NH White est. | 72% | | | | | | |
| | | NH Black | 2% | | Total population data fro | income 200k-plus single family multi-family rented owned ta from California's adjusted | 1 2020 | | |
| | | Total | 53,067 | | Census data. Citizen Voting Age Population, Age, | | | | |
| | | Latino est. | 18% | | Immigration, and other demographics from the 2017- 2021 American Community Survey and Special Tabulation 5-year data. Turnout and Registration data | | | | |
| Voter Turnout (1 | Nov | Spanish-Surnamed | 17% | | | | | | |
| Voter Turnout (Nov 2018) | NUV | Asian-Surnamed | 6% | | | | | | |
| | | Filipino-Surnamed | 3% | | from California Statewide Database. "Latino" figures | | | | |
| | | NH White est. | 71% | | calculated by NDC using Census Bureau's Latino | | | | |
| | | NH Black est. | 2% | | undercount by surname estimate. | | | | |

Latino CVAP

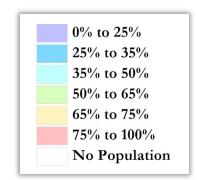
Latinos are somewhat more concentrated along the I-5 corridor and Los Angeles City border.

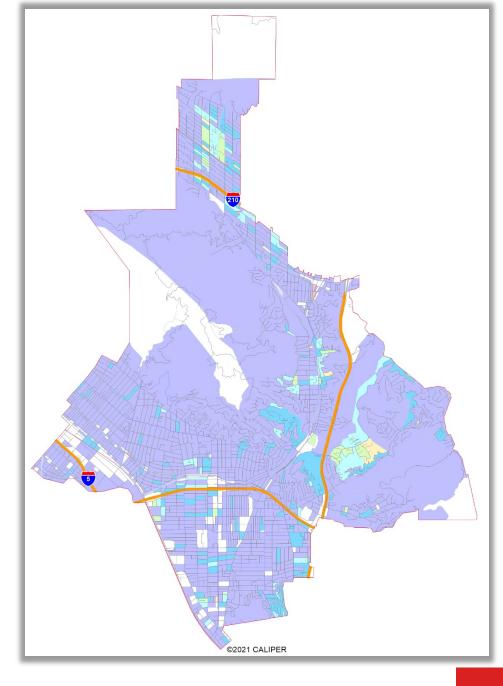
| 0% to 25% |
|---------------|
| 25% to 35% |
| 35% to 50% |
| 50% to 65% |
| 65% to 75% |
| 75% to 100% |
| No Population |



Asian-American CVAP

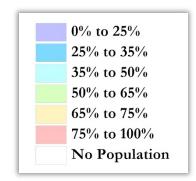
Asian-Americans concentrated in the north and Rancho San Rafael.

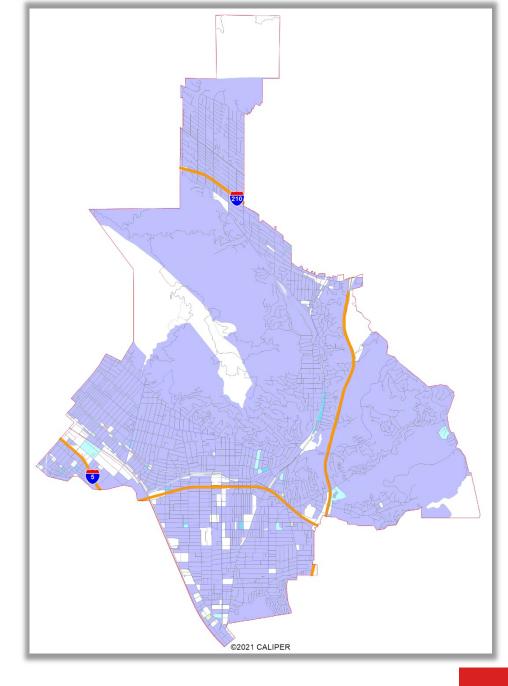




African-American CVAP

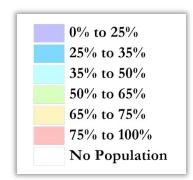
African-Americans are not geographically concentrated in any specific part of the City.

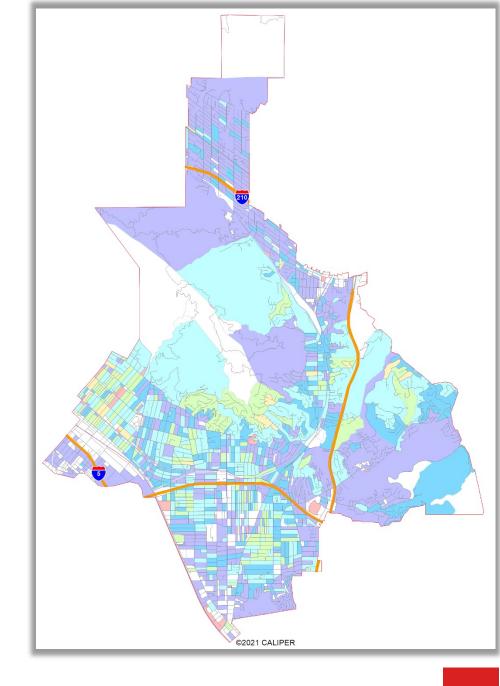




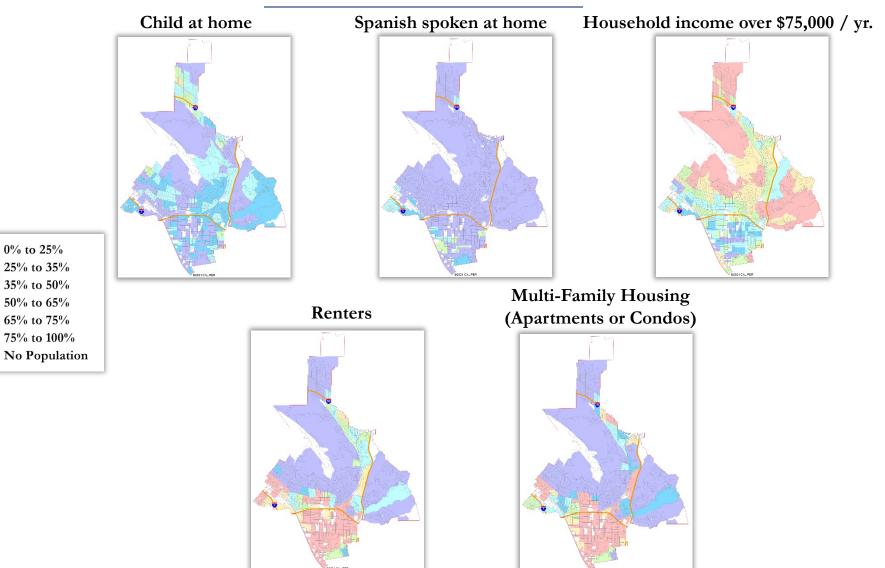
Community of Interest: Armenian % of Registered Voters

Data from PDI.



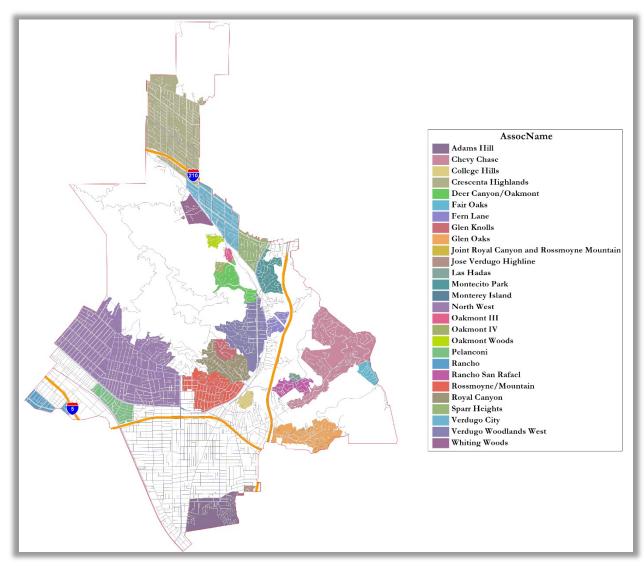


Other Potential Communities of Interest: Socio-Economic Demographics



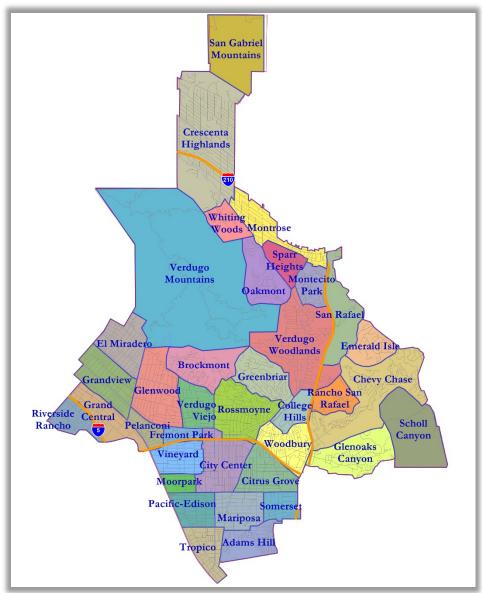
Other Possible Geographic Communities (1)

Homeowner Associations



Other Possible Geographic Communities (2)

Unofficial Rough Neighborhoods



Defining Neighborhoods

1st Question: What is your neighborhood?

2nd Question: What are its geographic boundaries?

Examples of physical features defining a neighborhood boundary:

- Natural neighborhood dividing lines, such as highway or major roads, rivers, canals and/or hills
- Areas around parks or schools
- Other neighborhood landmarks

In the absence of public testimony, planning records and other similar documents may provide definition.



Beyond Neighborhoods: Defining Communities of Interest

1st Question: What defines your community?

- Geographic Area, plus
- □ Shared issue or characteristic
 - □ Shared social or economic interest
 - □ Impacted by city policies
- □ Tell us "your community's story"

2nd Question: Would this community benefit from being "included within a single district for purposes of its effective and fair representation"?

• Or would it benefit more from having multiple representatives?

Definitions of Communities of Interest may <u>not</u> include relationships with political parties, incumbents, or political candidates.

Community of Interest Input

- From community workshops to date:
 - □ Crescenta Highlands and the Far North
 - Verdugo mountains
 - Glendale Unified School District
 - □ Glendale Community College
 - □ South Glendale renters (south of Colorado)
 - □ Northwest neighborhood single family homes
 - Branch libraries & civic center
 - Montrose shopping district
 - □ Cresenta Valley High School and Verdugo Mountains
 - Adams Hill neighborhood and neighborhoods to their north
 - Mariposa

Your Turn – Communities of Interest

- 1. What area is your community of interest?
- 2. What are some meaningful places your community recognizes or gathers at?
- 3. What are some common concerns you share with a group?
- 4. What are some common cultural characteristics that unite a community?
- 5. What are common work-related traits that bring a community together?
- 6. What is significant about the physical environment?
- 7. What areas benefit from staying together in a district?

Your thoughts will become part of the record.

Public Mapping and Map Review Tools

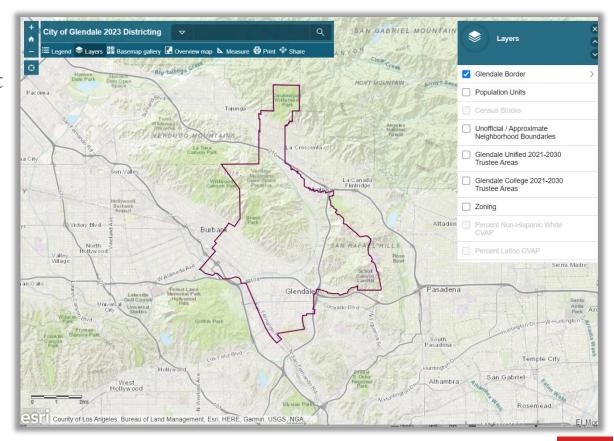
- **Different tools for different purposes**
- Different tools for different levels of technical skill and interest
 - □ Simple "review draft maps" tool
 - Paper-based simple "Draw a draft map" tool
 - Deverful, data-rich "Draw a draft map" online tool

Whether you use the online mapping tool, the paper kit, or just draw on a napkin, we welcome your maps!

Interactive Review Map

For Viewing Maps, not Drawing Them

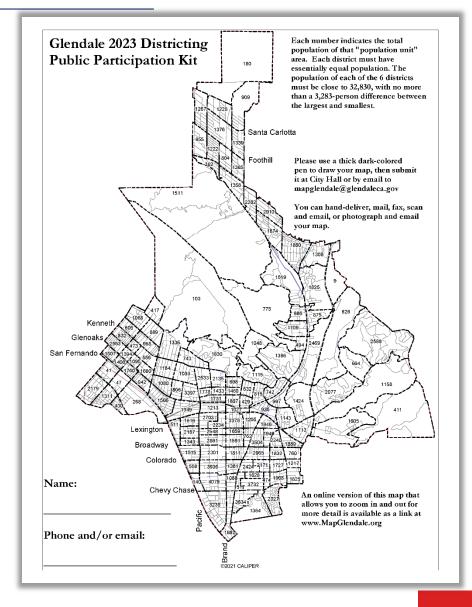
- Demographic data
- Population Unit details
- **D** Zoom in and out
- Search by address
- View (and overlay) draft maps, when available



Simple Map Drawing Tool

Paper "Public Participation Kit"

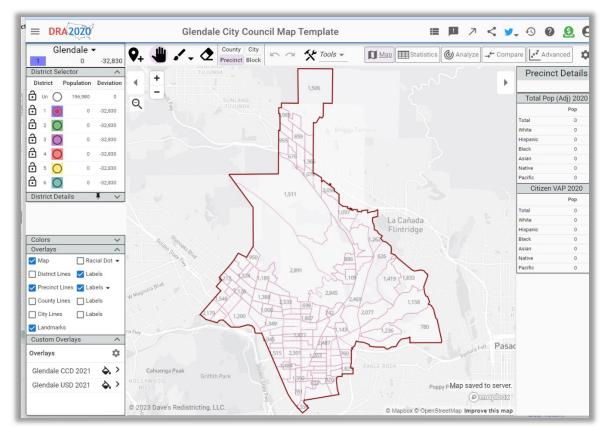
- For those without internet access or who prefer paper
- Total Population Counts only no demographic details



DRA (Dave's Redistricting App)

Draw Your Community of Interest or a Full District Map

- □ Easy-to-use online mapping tool
- □ Full demographic and geographic database
- □ Email a link to your map to the City and publish or share

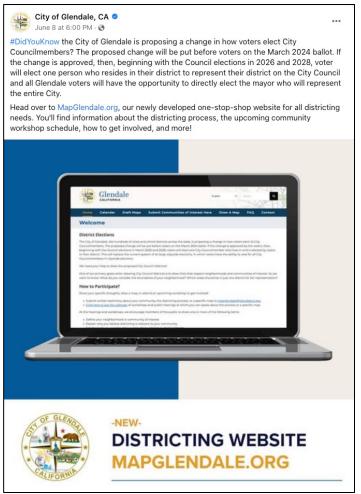


Q&A With Your Hosts

How to Stay Engaged

The City is committed to robust outreach and engagement throughout the process, including the following:

- Dedicated website: <u>www.mapglendale.org</u>
- □ In-person workshops
- Virtual workshops
- Pop-up events in the community
- □ Social media (including online ads)
- □ Animated explainer video
- **G** Flyers
- □ Community group outreach
- Interpretation/translation of materials



How to Stay Engaged

| English | Հայերեն | Español | 한국인 | | Tagalog |
|------------------|----------------|-------------------|--------------------|------------|---------|
| Glen CALIFORM | | | | Search | |
| Home Calen | dar Draft Maps | Submit Communitie | s of Interest Here | Draw A Map | FAQ |
| | | Resources Co | ntact | | |
| Welcome | | | | | |

District Elections

The City of Glendale has passed a resolution of intent to change from citywide elections to district elections to elect its City Councilmembers. The proposed change will be put before voters on the March 2024 ballot. The City is considering a plan for six (6) separate council districts and a directly elected mayor. If this plan is approved by the voters, this would take effect beginning with Council elections starting in 2026. Voters would have the opportunity to elect one City Councilmember who lives in and is elected by voters in their district and all Glendale voters would vote to select their next Mayor.

We need your help to draw the proposed City Council districts!

One of our primary goals when drawing City Council districts is to draw lines that respect neighborhoods and communities of interest. So we want to know: What do you consider the boundaries of your neighborhood? Which areas should be in just one district for fair representation?

English

Հայերեն (Armenian)

Español (Spanish)

Website: MapGlendale.org | Phone: (818) 548-4844, ext. 1 Email: mapglendale@glendaleca.gov